1 **BEFORE THE** 2 CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL COMMISSION 3 In the Matter of the Application for Third-Party CGCC Case Nos. CGCC-2022-0526-10B 4 Proposition Player Services Employee Type BGC Case No. BGC-HQ2022-00012SL License for: 5 **DECISION AND ORDER** 6 MARCOS SAMUEL CABRERA Hearing Date: November 30, 2022 7 10:00 a.m. Time: Applicant. 8 9 This matter was heard by the California Gambling Control Commission (Commission) 10 pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 19870 and 19871 and Title 4, California 11 Code of Regulations (CCR) section 12060, in Sacramento, California, and held via Zoom video 12 conference, on November 30, 2022. 13 Neil Houston, Deputy Attorney General, State of California (DAG Houston), represented 14 complainant Yolanda Morrow, Director of the Bureau of Gambling Control (Bureau), Department 15 of Justice, State of California. 16 Applicant Marcos Cabrera (Cabrera) appeared on his own behalf. 17 During the evidentiary hearing, Presiding Officer Paras Modha (Presiding Officer) took 18 official notice of the following documents: the Commission's Notice and Agenda of Commission 19 Hearing, the Commission's Conclusion of Prehearing Conference letter, the Commission's Notice 20 of Hearing with two attachments: (a) Cabrera's Application for Employee Category License and 21 (b) the Bureau's Third-Party Worker Initial Background Investigation Report, Level III, with 22 attachments; the Bureau's Statement of Reasons, and Cabrera's signed Notice of Defense. 23 Pursuant to a stipulation between the parties, the Presiding Officer accepted into evidence 24 Exhibits 1 through Exhibit 10 offered by the Bureau, which contain bates numbering BGC 001-25 130 with a Table of Contents that separately identifies each document. 26 The record closed and the matter was submitted on November 30, 2022. 27 ¹ All references to statute refer to the California Business and Professions Code unless otherwise 28 stated. 1

FINDINGS OF FACT

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I. BACKGROUND

Procedural History

- 1. Cabrera has worked in controlled gaming since September 2021 when he was employed by Faros Unlimited, Inc. as a Banker providing third-party proposition player services (TPPPS).
- 2. On October 1, 2021, the Bureau received Cabrera's initial Application for a TPPPS Worker License to allow for his continued employment with Faros Unlimited, Inc., together with an Application for Employee Category License and a Commission Work Permit or TPPPS Worker Supplemental Information form (Application).
- 3. On October 7, 2021, the Commission issued Cabrera a Temporary Third-Party Proposition Worker Services License No. TPWK-002396, which is valid through September 30, 2023.
- 4. On or about April 6, 2022, the Commission received a Third-Party Worker Initial Investigation Report, Level III, from the Bureau recommending that Cabrera's Application be denied on the basis that he was convicted of a misdemeanor offense and provided untrue and misleading information to the Bureau concerning the circumstances of that offense.
- 5. At its May 26, 2022 meeting, the Commission referred consideration of Cabrera's Application to a Gambling Control Act (GCA) evidentiary hearing to be held pursuant to CCR section 12060.
- 6. On or about June 14, 2022, the Commission received a Notice of Defense form signed by Cabrera and requesting an evidentiary hearing on the consideration of his Application. The form did not indicate that Cabrera was represented by an attorney.
- 7. On or about July 15, 2022, the Commission sent a Notice of Hearing to Cabrera and DAG Houston providing that an evidentiary hearing would be held before the Commission on November 30, 2022.
- 8. On September 30, 2022, the Commission received the Bureau's Statement of Reasons. In the Statement of Reasons, the Bureau requests that the Commission deny Cabrera's

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Application under Business and Professions Code sections 19859, subdivision (b), and section 19857, based on him supplying information to the Bureau relating to his conviction that was untrue or misleading as to a material fact pertaining to the licensure qualification criteria.

Cabrera's Criminal History

- 9. On January 8, 2018, a misdemeanor complaint was filed against Cabrera in the Los Angeles County Superior Court alleging that on or about November 3, 2017, Cabrera committed the crime of hit and run driving resulting in property damage in violation of California Vehicle Code (CVC) section 20002(a), a misdemeanor; the crime of driving when privilege suspended or revoked in violation of CVC section 14601.1(a), a misdemeanor; and the crime of driving at an unsafe speed in violation of CVC section 22350, an infraction.
- 10. On March 14, 2018, Cabrera was convicted upon a plea of nolo contendere of a misdemeanor violation of CVC section 20002(a), hit and run with property damage. The remaining counts were dismissed. Cabrera was sentenced to three years of probation, ordered to complete a work program, and to pay a fine and restitution.

California Highway Patrol Report Regarding November 3, 2017 Incident

- 11. During the course of the background investigation on the Application, the Bureau obtained the State of California, Department of California Highway Patrol Traffic (CHP) Collision Report (CHP Report) concerning the incident that led to Cabrera's conviction.
- 12. The CHP Report provided that on November 3, 2017, Cabrera was involved in a four-party accident. Cabrera, identified in the report as Party 1, was driving a Honda Accent. Party 2 was the driver of a white Toyota Prius. Party 3 was the driver of a white Dodge Ram. Party 4 was the driver of a white Nissan Altima (also collectively referred to as "involved parties").
- 13. According to the CHP Report, Cabrera fled the scene immediately following the collision and prior to CHP arrival. When CHP arrived, Party 2 and 3 were standing by on the right shoulder of State Route 91 and Cabrera and Party 3 were standing by within a Walmart shopping center.
- 14. The CHP officer first responded to the two vehicles on the shoulder and directed them to park at Trader Joe's for a safer location to make an incident report. In the parking lot, Parties 2

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and 4 relayed that Cabrera had fled the scene immediately after the traffic collision and a separate dodge truck (Party 3) was involved in the collision and began following Cabrera after he fled.

- 15. According to the CHP Report, Cabrera and/or Party 3 called 911 and dispatch told them to meet the involved parties and a CHP officer at the Trader Joe's parking lot.
- 16. CHP interviewed Party 3 in the Trader Joe's parking lot. Party 3 advised that he observed Cabrera flee at a high rate of speed and followed him to the Walmart shopping center parking lot and parked directly behind Cabrera to keep him from fleeing. Party 3 stated that Cabrera first screamed at him, but then "related he was sorry for leaving the scene of the collision."
 - 17. The CHP Report contains the following statements attributed to Cabrera:

Party #1 related he was driving in the H.O.V. lane, when traffic ahead of Vehicle #1 came to a sudden stop. Party #1 related he was approximately "3-4" feet behind" the vehicle ahead of him when traffic suddenly slowed and stopped. Party #1 related he applied the brakes to Vehicle #1, but was unable to stop before front of Vehicle #1 hit the rear of the car ahead (Vehicle #2). Party #1 related he then panicked due to the collision, and made a sharp turning motion to the right, crossing into the #1 lane. Party #1 related he did not look in the #1 lane before completing the lane change, and collided with a large truck that was passing on the right in the #1 lane (Vehicle #3). Party #1 related Vehicle #1 then bounced off the left side of the large truck, back towards the H.O.V. lane, and collided with two other vehicles. Immediately following the third and fourth impacts, Party #1 related he got more scared and sped away. Party #1 related he exited the freeway at Shoemaker Road, and drove through the area to find a place to park and gather his thoughts. Party #1 related he drove into the Walmart shopping center parking lot and came to a stop, when he was contacted by the person in the large Dodge truck. Party #1 related he stood by after Party #3 told him to wait for responding officers for a collision report.

Cabrera's Statements to the Bureau Concerning the Conviction

- 18. Cabrera disclosed his conviction on the Application, but did not explain the factual circumstances that led to the conviction, as requested. Thereafter, the Bureau requested that Cabrera provide a written statement explaining the circumstances.
- 19. On November 11, 2022, Cabrera provided the Bureau with a written statement (November Statement) explaining the circumstances leading to his conviction. The statement provides:

On the day of the incident, I was on my way to work where I bumped into a car back bumper. As I was merging lanes, about to tell the gentleman to follow me to exit the freeway, as there was too much traffic to stay on

freeway, a car hit me; with that impact I hit another vehicle. I informed the vehicles to follow me and exit freeway. We parked in a shopping center after exiting the freeway, calling 911, and wait for officer(s) to arrive. When the officer arrived, he asked if we needed medical attention. None of us did need medical attention, so he started his investigation, asking questions about the incident. I was the last to be question, and when the officer was done, he stated that with his 7 yrs of experience, since I "fled the scene" it's technically a hit-and-run. I stated to the officer that the DMV pamphlet states that existing a busy freeway because of an accident is safer than being on freeway, but the officer still charged me with a hit-and-run.

- 20. On February 17, 2022, the Bureau requested that Cabrera provide a further written statement explaining discrepancies between the version of the events described in the November Statement and the CHP report. The Bureau specifically requested that Cabrera address the following statements attributed to Cabrera in the CHP report indicating the following: (1) that he fled the scene immediately after the collision because he was scared; (2) that he drove away "to find a place to park and gather his thoughts" and; (3) another party involved in the accident followed him to the parking lot and told him to wait until police officers arrived.
- 21. On March 9, 2022, Cabrera provided an additional statement to the Bureau, (March Statement):

At the time after the accident (as in after I hit the cars I hit), I shouted at the vehicles to follow me off the freeway, but as I was shaken up at that time and drove faster than anticipated making it seem to other drivers as if I was leaving the scene without the other drivers knowledge. At the time I was driving my mothers [sic] car and she let me borrow the vehicle that day as my coworker who gave me rides to work called off for something important. So after the crash, I was scared and worried about what she would do when I returned her vehicle. So much was going through my head at the time the officer was talking to everyone. I was young and inexperienced with vehicles and procedures when things happen. As the years have passed, receiving a driver's license and being able to drive a car is a very big privilege to have and not be taken for granted. I have learned from my mistake and am very grateful for the opportunity to be able to work as a banker.

Cabrera's GCA Hearing Testimony

- 22. Cabrera testified that at the time of the accident he had a suspended driver's license. Cabrera borrowed his mother's car because he needed to get to work. Cabrera was worried after the accident because his mother was very protective of her vehicle.
- 23. Cabrera testified that he first hit Party 2 in the carpool lane, which caused a three-party accident between Cabrera, Parties 2 and 4. Cabrera testified that Party 2 had his/her window

down and Party 2 and Party 4 were in close proximity to him. Cabrera yelled out his window for Parties 2 and 4 to follow him.

- 24. Cabrera testified that as he was exiting the freeway, Party 3 who was driving a large white truck came out of nowhere and began to chase him. Cabrera denied that Party 3 had been involved in the accident. Cabrera testified that Party 3 likely believed that Cabrera was fleeing the scene of the accident and tried to get in front of him. Cabrera was afraid and thought Party 3 may intend to assault him, so he attempted to get around Party 3.
- 25. Cabrera testified that the information contained in the CHP Report indicating that Party 3 was involved in the accident was incorrect and Party 3 was not involved until intervening in attempt to stop Cabrera from leaving the scene.
- 26. Cabrera testified that he left the interstate and parked in a nearby shopping center and called 911 twice and described the vehicles involved in the accident. Cabrera testified that upon calling 911, he was alerted to go to the Trader Joe's parking lot to join the other involved parties and the responding officer, and Cabrera and Party 3 walked there together.

II. RELEVANT STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 27. Division 1.5 of the Business and Professions Code, the provisions of which govern the denial of licenses on various grounds, does not apply to licensure decisions made by the Commission under the Gambling Control Act. Business and Professions Code section 476(a).
- 28. Public trust and confidence can only be maintained by strict and comprehensive regulation of all persons, locations, practices, associations, and activities related to the operation of lawful gambling establishments. Business and Professions Code section 19801(h).
- 29. The Commission has the responsibility of assuring that licenses, approvals, and permits are not issued to, or held by, unqualified or disqualified persons, or by persons whose operations are conducted in a manner that is inimical to the public health, safety, or welfare. Business and Professions Code section 19823(a)(1).
- 30. An "unqualified person" means a person who is found to be unqualified pursuant to the criteria set forth in Section 19857, and "disqualified person" means a person who is found to be disqualified pursuant to the criteria set forth in Section 19859. Business and Professions Code

section 19823(b).

- 31. The Commission has the power to deny any application for a license, permit, or approval for any cause deemed reasonable by the Commission. Business and Professions Code section 19824(b).
- 32. The Commission has the power to take actions deemed to be reasonable to ensure that no ineligible, unqualified, disqualified, or unsuitable persons are associated with controlled gambling activities. Business and Professions Code section 19824(d).
- 33. The burden of proving his or her qualifications to receive any license from the Commission is on the applicant. Business and Professions Code section 19856(a) and CCR section 12060(i).
- 34. The Commission shall deny a license to any applicant who is disqualified for failure of the applicant to provide information, documentation, and assurances required by this chapter or requested by the chief, or failure of the applicant to reveal any fact material to qualification, or the supplying of information that is untrue or misleading as to a material fact pertaining to the qualification criteria. Business and Professions Code section 19859(b).
- 35. An application for a license will be denied if the Commission finds that the applicant has not satisfied the requirements of Business and Professions Code section 19859. CCR section 12040(a)(2).
- 36. A temporary license will be associated with an application for an initial license. Upon issuance or denial of an initial license by the Commission, the temporary license will become void and cannot be used thereafter pursuant to CCR section 12122(a) and (d).

III. ASSESSMENT OF SUITABILITY FOR LICENSURE

- 37. Section 19859, subdivision (b) provides, in part, that the commission *shall* deny a license to any applicant who is disqualified for failure "to reveal any fact material to qualification, or the supplying of information that is untrue or misleading as to a material fact pertaining to the qualification criteria."
- 38. The Bureau relies, in large part, on the applicant's disclosures while conducting a background investigation. The failure to accurately disclose complete information on an application

or during the Bureau's background investigation subverts the Bureau's efforts to conduct a thorough and complete investigation. Both the substance of an applicant's disclosures, and the truthfulness and thoroughness of an applicant's disclosures, are considered by the Bureau in making a recommendation as to the applicant's suitability for licensure, and by the Commission in making a determination whether to approve or deny a license application.

- 39. There is a significant area of concern regarding Cabrera's suitability for licensure under Section 19859, subdivision (b), based on misleading statements he made to the Bureau and Commission concerning the circumstances leading to his misdemeanor conviction for violation of CVC section 20002(a), hit and run with property damage.
- 40. Cabrera's November Statement, March Statement, and his testimony before the Commission conflicts with the CHP Report in several important ways. His testimony and statements indicated that he left the scene after telling the parties to follow him to get out of traffic and park at a safe location, which is very different than statements attributed to Cabrera in the CHP Report admitting that he left the scene because he was scared and panicked.
- 41. Cabrera's November Statement to the Bureau was particularly misleading because in it he stated that "I informed the vehicles to follow me and exit freeway. We parked in a shopping center after exiting the freeway, calling 911, and wait for officer(s) to arrive." In contrast, the CHP Report provides that Cabrera fled the scene, Parties 2 and 4 called 911 and parked on the side of the interstate until CHP directed them to park at a Trader Joe's. Only upon calling 911 did Cabrera learn where the other involved parties had been directed to park and that police responded to them already, at which point Cabrera walked to join them. The events noted in the CHP Report are very different from Cabrera's November Statement. Cabrera's testimony at the hearing confirmed that after leaving the scene, he was not with Parties 2 and 4 until later after he and Party 3 left from the Walmart parking lot and walked to meet the other involved parties at a Trader Joe's parking lot.
- 42. Additionally, Cabrera's testimony at the hearing that Party 3 was not involved in the accident and chased Cabrera, scaring him and causing him to flee, was also misleading. The CHP Report fully documents that a white truck was involved in the accident, including describing the

damage to Party 3's truck and statements from an interview conducted by CHP with Party 3. The CHP Report also contains statements from interviews with Parties 2 and 4, which also confirm that a white truck was involved in the collision, which began to chase Cabrera as he fled the scene.

- 43. Cabrera's November Statement, March Statement, and his testimony at the hearing attempted to make the circumstances of the conviction sound more favorable to him by indicating that he told involved parties to follow him and was therefore not truly intending to flee the scene. In both the November Statement and March Statement, Cabrera asserts that he told the involved parties to follow him. At the hearing, Cabrera testified that he yelled for Parties 2 and 4 to follow him. Cabrera's November Statement and March Statement to the Bureau, and his testimony at the hearing were misleading by implying that Cabrera informed the involved parties to follow him.
- 44. Additionally, Cabrera's testimony that he fled the scene because Party 3 chased him, and it scared Cabrera was not credible. While it is always plausible that a police report is not 100% accurate, Cabrera's version of events strays too significantly from the CHP Report to be credible. Cabrera was likely trying to leave the scene of the accident because he was driving his mother's car that she is very protective over, and he did not have insurance and was driving on a suspended license.
- 45. The Commission finds that Cabrera intentionally supplied information to the Bureau that was untrue or misleading regarding the circumstances leading to his conviction, which disqualifies him from licensure and requires that his application be denied pursuant to Section 19859, subdivision (b) and CCR section 12040(a)(2). In addition, as the Application is subject to denial, Cabrera's temporary license is void pursuant to CCR section 12122(d) and cannot be used hereafter.
- 46. All documentary and testimonial evidence submitted by the parties that is not specifically addressed in this Decision and Order was considered but not used by the Commission in making its determination on Cabrera's Application.

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NOTICE OF APPLICANT'S APPEAL RIGHTS 1 2 Cabrera has the following appeal rights available under state law: 3 CCR section 12064, subdivisions (a) and (b) provide, in part: (a) After the Commission issues a decision following a GCA hearing conducted 4 pursuant to Section 12060, an applicant denied a license, permit, registration, or finding of suitability, or whose license, permit, registration, or finding of 5 suitability has had conditions, restrictions, or limitations imposed upon it, may request reconsideration by the Commission. A request for reconsideration must 6 7 (1) Made in writing to the Commission, copied to the Complainant. The Bureau may provide a written response to the Commission within 10 calendar days 8 of receipt of the request; and (2) Received by the Commission and Complainant within 30 calendar days of 9 service of the decision, or before the effective date specified in the decision, 10 whichever is earlier. 11 (b) A request for reconsideration must state the reasons for the request, which must be based upon either: 12 (1) Newly discovered evidence or legal authorities that could not reasonably have been presented before the Commission's issuance of the decision or at the 13 hearing on the matter; or, 14 (2) Other good cause which the Commission may decide, in its sole discretion, merits reconsideration. 15 16 Business and Professions Code section 19870, subdivision (e) provides: 17 A decision of the commission denying a license or approval, or imposing any condition or restriction on the grant of a license or approval may be reviewed by 18 petition pursuant to Section 1085 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall not apply to any judicial proceeding described 19 in the foregoing sentence, and the court may grant the petition only if the court finds that the action of the commission was arbitrary and capricious, or that the 20 action exceeded the commission's jurisdiction. 21 CCR section 12066, subdivision (c) provides, in part: 22 Neither the right to petition for judicial review nor the time for filing the petition shall be affected by failure to seek reconsideration. 23 24 /// 25 /// ///26 27 28 10

1 **ORDER** 2 1. Marcos Cabrero's Application for Third-Party Proposition Player Services License is 3 DENIED. 4 2. Marco Cabrero's Third-Party Worker Temporary License, Number TPWK-002396 is void 5 and cannot be used hereafter. 6 3. No costs are awarded. 7 4. Each side to pay its own attorneys' fees. 8 9 This Order is effective on March 13, 2023 10 Dated: 2/9/2023 11 Signature: 12 Paula LaBrie, Chair 13 14 Signature: 15 Cathleen Galgiani, Commissioner 16 Eric Heins Dated: $\frac{2}{9}/2023$ 17 Signature: 2B4CE9520F8845C... 18 Eric Heins, Commissioner 19 DocuSigned by: William Liu 20 Signature: 21 William Liu, Commissioner 22 Dated: $\frac{2/9/2023}{}$ 23 Signature: 24 Edward Yee, Commissioner 25 26 27 28 11

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